# Weight Management Protocol conductor designs for health

Clinical Protocol to Support Healthy Weight and Body Composition\*



#### Managing Weight and Comorbidities

Excess weight is associated with a variety of comorbidities. Healthy weight management, therefore, becomes a critical component in helping reduce the risk of disease onset and progression. A designation of overweight or obese per body mass index is ultimately part of a constellation of physiological disturbances that can affect cardiovascular health, the gut-brain axis, and overall wellness.

Body weight is regulated by a variety of environmental and physiological factors. Gathering information through genomic assavs of single-nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) associated with a metabolic syndrome phenotype may provide insights that help guide patient care decisions.

While dietary intervention may vary from one patient to the next, recommending a micronutrient-rich diet, high in fiber and low in refined, processed foods, serves as a reasonable starting point. At baseline, a lifestyle program that focuses on appropriate physical activity, adequate sleep, and stress management can provide a foundation for ideal body weight.

This clinical protocol is designed to support long-term, healthy weight management through evidence-based dietary, lifestyle, and nutrient recommendations.\*

### **Diagnostic Biomarkers and Clinical Indicators of Obesity and Metabolic Syndrome**

- Comprehensive Metabolic Panel (CMP)
- Genomic Spotlight Endocrine, detoxification, inflammation. methylation
  - Several potential candidate genes have been suggested by their biologic relevance, such as genes in systems of energy balance, nutrient partitioning, lipid and insulin metabolism, lipolysis, thermogenesis, fuel oxidation, and glucose uptake in skeletal muscle.
- *Metabolomics Spotlight* Energy metabolism and hormones
- Glucose Metabolism Profile
  - Fasting glucose
  - Fasting insulin
  - HbA1c
- Biometrics
  - Weight
  - Waist-to-Hip Ratio
  - Body fat percentage
  - Lean muscle mass

## **Therapeutic Diet and Nutritional Considerations**

- Recommend patients achieve the RDA of dietary fiber (28 g/day women; 30 g/day men). High fiber intake is associated with decreased BMI and weight management.<sup>1-3</sup>
- Advise avoiding alcohol intake and the consumption of beverages with added sugar, such as sodas, sugar-sweetened coffees, fruit juices, and energy drinks
- Recommend avoidance of "diet" foods that are low-fat and high in processed ingredients.
- Encourage patients to implement intermittent fasting or

# **Lifestyle Interventions**

- Support patient stress response via stress management techniques as chronic stress may dysregulate cortisol levels and blood glucose response.
- Recommend an appropriate exercise program that fits the patient's lifestyle and current fitness level.

time-restricted feeding to an 8 to 12 hour window. Research demonstrates the benefits of a prolonged fasted state for weight management and metabolic flexibility. 4,5,6 Consider recommending more extended periods of intermittent fasting where appropriate to enhance lipolysis and weight reduction.4,5,6

- Provide a detailed low-glycemic meal plan that focuses on protein, fiber, and healthy fat intake and limit intake of starches
- Support patient sleep hygiene using tools such as wearable devices and the Well World® tracker to ensure restorative sleep. Sleep disturbances may dysregulate hunger and satiety hormone signaling, leptin and ghrelin, and circadian clocks, which can alter metabolic function

This information is provided as a medical and scientific educational resource for the use of physicians and other licensed health-care practitioners ("Practitioners"). This information is intended for Practitioners to use as a basis for determining whether to recommend these products to their patients. All recommendations regarding protocols, dosing, prescribing and/or usage instructions should be tailored to the individual needs of the patient considering their medical history and concomitant therapies. This information is not intended for use by consumers.



# Supplement Protocol

Primary Support:



#### Weight Loss Support Packets

Dose	Two packets per day	Duration	Consistently until patient's target weight is achieved.
Formula Highlights	These packets are designed to assist the body in using fat for fuel and to help support healthy insulin, cortisol, and energy metabolism.*		

#### Metabolic Synergy<sup>™</sup>

Dose	Three capsules twice per day with a meal	Duration	Consistently until patient's target weight is achieved.
Formula Highlights	Metabolic Synergy™ helps maintain healthy glucose and ins used for energy by providing nutrients for the TCA cycle.* T true chelates for maximum absorption and bioavailability. T carnosine to support healthy glucose metabolism.*	he chromium, zinc, s	elenium, manganese, and molybdenum are provided as

#### ProbioMed<sup>™</sup> 50

Dose	One capsule per day with a meal	Duration	Consistently until patient's target weight is achieved.
	A shelf stable combination of 50 billion live probiotic strains, from 10 specific probiotic species, known for their ability to directly support intestinal health and the gut-brain axis.*		

#### Secondary Support:

#### **Tri-Butyrin Supreme**<sup>™</sup>

Dose	1 softgel per day	Duration	Consistently until patient's target weight is achieved.
Formula Highlights	This formula provides 300 mg of tributyrin per serving, whi fermentation of dietary fiber or supplemented, may help su a healthy inflammatory response.*		

#### For a list of references cited in this document, please visit:

#### https://www.designsforhealth.com/api/library-assets/literature-reference---weight-management--support-protocol-references

Dosing recommendations are given for typical use based on an average 150 pound healthy adult. Health-care practitioners are encouraged to use clinical judgement with case-specific dosing based on intended goals, subject body weight, medical history, and concomitant medication and supplement usage. Any product containing botanical substances has the potential for causing individual sensitivities, appropriate monitoring, including liver function tests (LFT) is recommended.

For considerations regarding herb-drug and nutrient-drug interactions, please refer to reliable, evidence-based resources such as the Natural Medicine Database or Stargrove MB, Treasure J, McKee DL. *Herb, Nutrient, and Drug Interactions: Clinical Implications and Therapeutic Strategies.* St. Louis, MO: Mosby-Elsevier, 2008.

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#### \*These statements have not been evaluated by the Food and Drug Administration. This product is not intended to diagnose, treat, cure, or prevent any disease.